College or Career Opportunity Knocking:

A New Assessment System to Identify Career and College Ready Students in Louisiana

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Louisiana School Board Association March 1 & 2, 2012

What is PARCC?

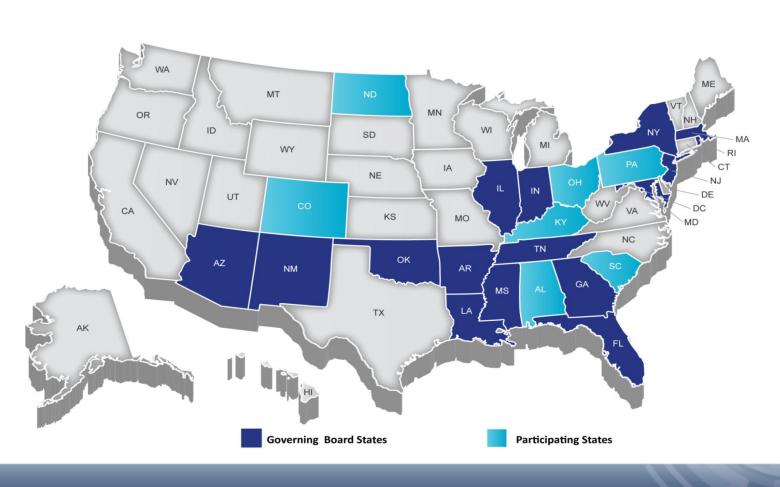
Race to the Top: Assessment Program Competition

- \$350 million of Race to the Top Fund set aside for awards to consortia
 of states to design and develop common K-12 assessment systems
 aligned to common, college- and career-ready standards
- The competition asked consortia to design assessment systems that meet the dual needs of accountability and instructional improvement
- In September 2010, the U.S. Department of Education awarded grants to:
 - Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC)
 - Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium (SBAC)
- The winning consortia have four years to develop assessments systems, and states participating in either consortium will administer new assessments statewide by 2014-2015

Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC)

- A group of states working together to develop highquality assessments for grades 3-12 aligned to the Common Core State Standards
- Governing states have agreed to implement the new assessments in 2014-15
- Louisiana is a governing state, which also means we have the opportunity to play a significant role in this work.

Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC)



PARCC's Goal

- PARCC's fundamental goal is to increase the rates at which students graduate from high school prepared for success in college (i.e., technical colleges, community colleges, and universities) and the workplace – and, ultimately, to increase their likelihood of college success and completion.
- PARCC's assessment system will help achieve this goal by:
 - Creating a high school assessment that indicates whether students are prepared for entry-level, credit-bearing postsecondary courses (e.g., College Algebra, English I).
 - Upon implementation of the assessments and verification of the college-ready achievement levels, participating colleges and universities across all PARCC states will use students' performance on the college-ready assessments as an indicator of their readiness for entry-level, credit-bearing courses.

College and Career Ready Students

What Should College and Career Ready Students Be Able to Do?

English

- Students read and comprehend a range of sufficiently complex texts
 - Literature and informational texts
- Students write effectively when using and/or analyzing sources
- Students build and present knowledge through research
 - Analysis
 - Synthesis

Mathematics

- Students solve problems involving the major content for their grade
- Students solve real world problems (modeling practice)

Parents, Schools, Colleges, & Public

Why is PARCC Important to Parents, Schools, and Colleges?

Teachers, School Leaders, District Administrators, and State Officials

 Stakeholders will regularly and quickly have a wider variety of useful performance data

Parents, Students, and the Public

 PARCC's assessments will, for the first time, give information about student performance relative to children in other states and against achievement standards anchored in college- and career-ready knowledge and skills

Technical, Two-year, & Four-Year Colleges

 Assessments will identify whether students are ready for and prepared to succeed in entry-level, credit-bearing postsecondary courses by the time they graduate from high school



Build a Pathway to College and Career Readiness for All Students

K-2 formative assessment being developed, aligned to the PARCC system Timely student achievement data showing students, parents and educators whether ALL students are on-track to college and career readiness

College readiness score to identify who is ready for college-level coursework

Targeted interventions & supports:

- •12th-grade bridge courses
- PD for educators

K-2

3-8

High School

SUCCESS IN FIRST-YEAR, CREDIT-BEARING, POSTSECONDARY COURSEWORK





Important to Louisiana

Why is PARCC Important to Louisiana?

- About 60% of jobs nationwide will require some type of postsecondary education by 2018¹
- More Louisiana jobs are requiring a postsecondary education²; of those:
 - 69% require vocational training, certification, or associate degree
 - 31% require bachelor degree
- Many Louisiana students are ill-equipped to succeed in college
 - Louisiana's college retention and graduation rates are among the lowest in the Southeast region (SREB) and the nation³
 - About one third of first-time freshmen need remediation in college level courses⁴

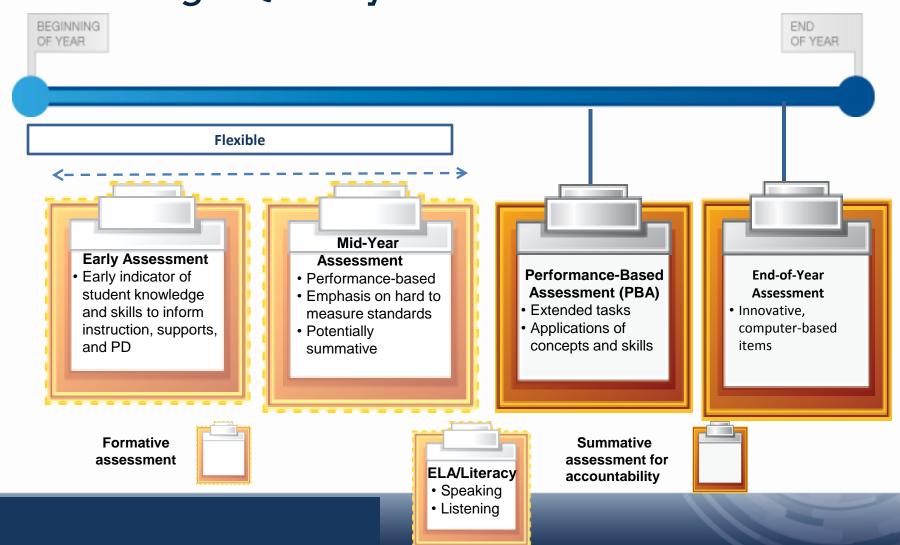
¹ Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce, June 2010

² Louisiana Workforce Commission, 2009 Job Vacancy Survey

³ Southern Regional Education Board Fact Book on Higher Education, 2009

⁴ LDOE First-Time Freshmen and Developmental Rates, Public School Data, 2007-08

High-Quality PARCC Assessments



PARCC Timeline

SY 2010-11

Launch and design phase

SY 2011-12

Development begins

SY 2012-13

First year
pilot/field
testing and
related research
and data
collection

SY 2013-14

Second year
pilot/field
testing and
related research
and data
collection

SY 2014-15

Full administration of PARCC assessments

Summer 2015

Set
achievement
levels,
including
college-ready
performance
levels

Common Core State Standards **Preparing Students** for Careers & College

Louisiana Content Standards

Overview

- Current state education policy requires regular review and revision to Louisiana content standards "to maintain rigor and high expectations for teaching and learning"
- Must be reviewed at least once every seven years (BESE Bulletin 741, 2301 C)
- Approved by Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE)
 - 1997-1998: Standards and Benchmarks
 - 2004: Grade-Level Expectations (GLEs)
 - 2010: Common Core State Standards (CCSS) for English language arts (ELA) and mathematics

Implementing Standards

State Law and BESE Policy

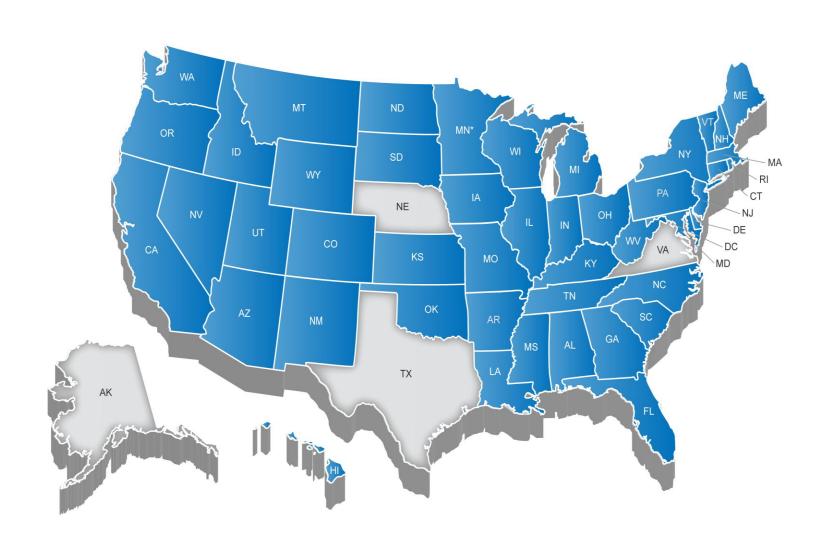
- State Law R.S. 17:24.4
 - Instituted LEAP and required the Louisiana Department of Education to develop and implement curriculum standards
 - Applies to traditional public schools and charter schools
- BESE Policy Bulletin 741, Section 2301
 - Requires each local school district and charter school to adopt and implement curricula aligned with state content standards
- Implementing curriculum aligned with state standards
 - Is mandatory
 - Necessary to ensure that students are being taught in accordance with state content standards
 - Allows students the opportunity to do well on state assessments

What are Common Core State Standards?

- Content standards developed by group of states
 - Development coordinated by National Governors Association and Council of Chief State School Officers
 - In collaboration with teachers, school administrators, and experts
- States voluntarily choose to adopt
 - 46 states, 1 territory, and D.C. have adopted the CCSS as of 2/20/2011
- More information available at <u>www.corestandards.org</u>



46 States + DC Have Adopted the Common Core State Standards



Why Common Standards?

- Identify what students really need to know to progress each year in K-12 and to be successful in college and in the workplace
- Allow more time for teaching foundational content and increase students' mastery of it
- Allow comparisons of student achievement across states
- Help students keep pace with an advancing workforce
- Prepare students to compete with their American peers and with students from around the world

Characteristics

- Based on evidence and research
- Aligned with college and workplace expectations
 - Endorsed by Dell, State Farm, U.S. Army, Microsoft, ACT, College Board, Merck, Verizon Communications, Boeing
- Focused and coherent to allow for in-depth learning
- Developmentally appropriate, cumulative progression of skills and understandings
- Rigorous content and application of knowledge through high-order skills
- Incorporate standards of excellence found in high achieving countries

What about Standards for Science and Social Studies?

- <u>Literacy standards</u> for science, social studies, and technical subjects are included in CCSS for ELA
- Science Content Standards
 - Next Generation Science Standards currently under development by national groups
 - Will be reviewed for appropriateness to replace current Louisiana science standards; if acceptable, will be adopted in Summer or Fall 2012 to be implemented in 2014-15
- Social Studies Content Standards
 - Revised by committees of state educators in 2010-11
 - To be implemented in 2014-15



Implementation Plan

Implementation Overview

 New assessments and new LCC for ELA and mathematics will be phased in over several years

	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
PreK	Current	Current	New	New
К	Current	New	New	New
Grade 1	Current	New	New	New
Grade 2	Current	Transitional	New	New
Grades 3-8	Current	Transitional	Transitional	New
High School	Current	Transitional	Transitional	New

Spring 2011

- Create crosswalk document between CCSS and current Louisiana standards (completed)
- Analyze crosswalk at each grade level
 - Develop grade-level content comparisons to determine what content will remain the same, be added, or be deleted
 - Determine which CCSS can be phased in prior to full implementation
- Develop and deliver General Awareness Sessions
 - General Overview (Awareness Webinar 1)
 - Crosswalk and Grade-Level Content Comparison Reports (Awareness Webinar 2) – Summer/Fall 2011
 - Additional webinars and communications as needed

2011-12: Development Year

- Create <u>new Louisiana Comprehensive Curriculum</u> (LCC) to align with
 - CCSS in ELA and mathematics for grades K-1
 - New Social Studies standards in grades K-12
- Create <u>transitional</u> LCC for grades 2 and higher
 - Delete activities based on GLEs that have no match with CCSS
 - Add activities to address new content required by CCSS
- Create LCC Professional Development Workshops and plan with districts for rollout of both <u>transitional</u> and <u>new</u> LCC
- Review New Generation Science Standards (Spring 2012) to determine their appropriateness to replace current Louisiana science standards
- Begin a <u>voluntary</u> district pilot program on the use of formative assessment performance tasks in ELA and math to guide their inclusion in the LCC and professional development

2012-13: Transition Year #1

- Implement <u>new</u> LCC aligned to ELA and math CCSS in grades K-1
- Implement <u>transitional</u> LCC in ELA and math for grades 2 and higher
- Begin professional development workshops on the <u>new</u> LCC using a train-the-trainer model



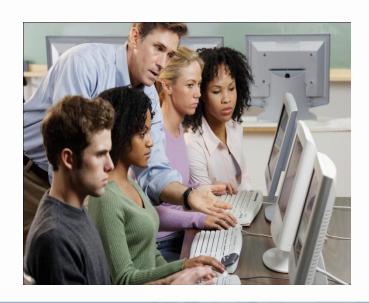
2013-14: Transition Year #2

- Implement <u>new</u> LCC aligned to ELA and math CCSS in grades PreK and 2
- Continue
 - Use of <u>transitional</u> LCC in grades 3 and higher
 - LCC professional development for teachers



2014-15: Full CCSS Implementation

- Full Implementation at all grades
 - Common Core State Standards
 - State-revised standards for social studies and science
 - New LCC for all grades and subjects
- LCC professional development continues for teachers



Summary of Transition Plan for Louisiana Assessments

- No change to current assessments in 2011-12
- Transitional assessments for grades 3-8 and high school in 2012-13 and 2013-14
 - Aligned with transitional LCC
 - Adjust ELA and math assessments by using existing items that best align with CCSS
 - Content focus may change
 - "Cut scores" and level of difficulty will remain the same
 - Omit content that will be discontinued, emphasize existing content that aligns with CCSS
 - New CCSS content will not be added until 2014-15

Networks to Address Challenges

- National:
 - PARCC Governing Board
 - PARCC Higher Education Advisory Committee
 - PARCC National Working Groups
 - PARCC Implementation Team
 - PARCC Educator Leader Cadre (Fall 2011)
- Louisiana
 - PARCC State Planning Team
 - School & Campus Teams



PARCC CAMPUS LEADERSHIP TEAMS (2011-2014)

- 8-Member team on two- and four-year campus
- Webinar (July 2011), Statewide Meeting (September 30, 2011), &
 Other Meetings During 2011-2014
- Challenges to address:
 - ➤ Identifying a set of core competencies in English and mathematics reflected in the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) that signal that a student is on-track to be college-ready
 - Agreeing on college-readiness standards acceptable to all college and universities within Louisiana
 - Helping pre-service teachers prepare to teach to the new Common Core Standards and assessments
 - ➤ Identifying types of drill down data needed for new PARCC assessments to help teachers and teacher preparation programs improve practices



Blue Ribbon Commission for Educational Excellence (2011-12)

- Charge: To prepare students who are career and college ready as new Common Core State Standards and PARCC assessments are implemented in Louisiana
- Challenges to address:
 - Help new and experienced teachers implement effective practices to teach to the new standards and assessments
 - Help students use their junior and senior years more effectively to prepare academically for college through better interventions
 - Help students who demonstrate early college readiness to enroll in postsecondary courses while in high school



Common Core State Standards, PARCC Assessments, & Partners



Impacting a future generation of college and career ready students

Additional Information

Common Core State Standards
Need More Information from Louisiana
Department of Education?

E-mail

commoncore@la.gov

Call Toll Free

1-877-453-2721

LDOE Common Core State Standards Web Site:

http://www.doe.state.la.us/topics/common core.html

LDOE Common Core Assessments

http://www.doe.state.la.us/topics/common core assessments.h tml

PARCC Website:

Http://www.parcconline.org